



Unistat 825

Unistat 825 controls the process temperature in 20l glass jacketed reactor from QVF

Requirement

This Case Study demonstrates the control capabilities over the process temperature when a Unistat 825 is connected with an QVF 20I glass jacketed reactor over the temperature range of -60°C to +100°C.

Method

The Unistat 825 was connected to 20l glass jacketed reactor from QVF via 2 x 2m metal insulated tubes. The HTF used was Huber's M90.055/170.02 and the process mass simulated with 15l DW-Therm.

Setup details

Temperature range: -85°C...+250°C

Heating power: 3.0 kW

Cooling power: 2.3 kW @ +100°C 2.4 kW @ 0°C

2.4 kW @ -20°C 2.4 kW @ -40°C

Hoses: 2 x M30 x 2m Metal Insulated

HTF: M90.055/170.02

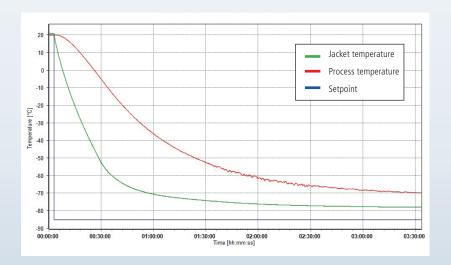
Reactor: QVF 20I
Reactor content: 15I DW-Therm
Control: process
Stirrer speed: 150 rpm
Amb. temperature: +23°C

Results

1. Lowest achievable temperature (Tmin):

This case study demonstrates the minimum achievable process temperature when a Unistat 825 is connected with an QVF 20I glass jacketed reactor. The minimum achievable process temperature was -70.29°C.

Start (°C)	End (°C)	
+20	-70.29	



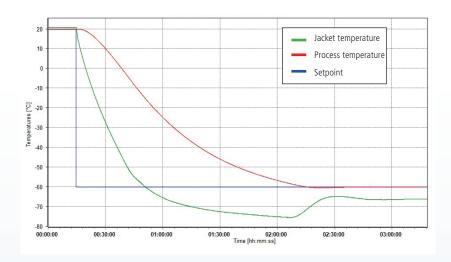


2. Temperature Control

This Case Study demonstrates the control capabilities over the process temperature when a Unistat 825 is connected with an QVF 20I glass jacketed reactor over the temperature range of -60°C to +100°C.

The tables and the graphics show the speed, accuracy and stability as the process is changed to each new set-point.

Start (°C)	End (°C)	Approximate time (min)	Average Ramp Rate (K/Min)
+20	-60	118	0.67



Start (°C)	End (°C)	Approximate time (min)	Average Ramp Rate (K/Min)
+20	+100	75	1.06

